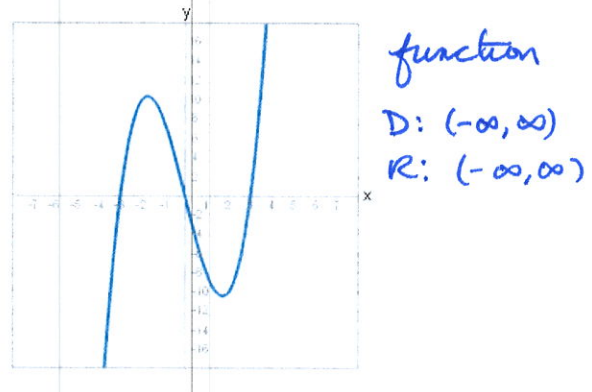
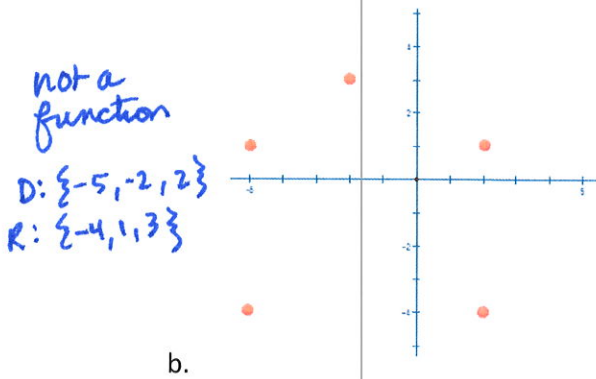
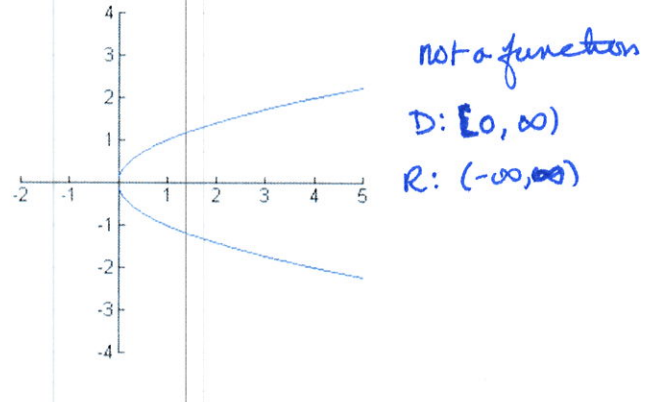
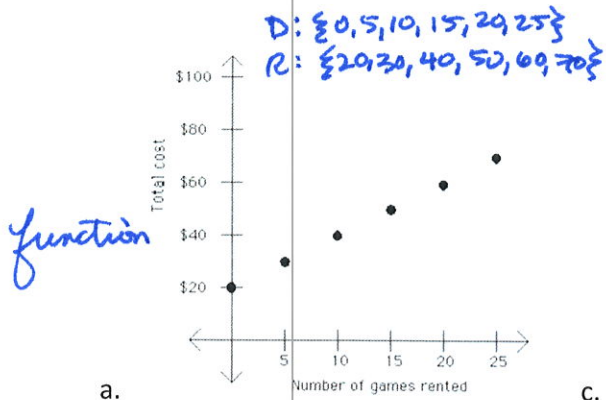


1. Find the domain and range of each relation. Is the relation a function?

- a. $\{(2,4), (0,0), (-7,10), (10,-7)\}$ D: $\{-7, 0, 10\}$ R: $\{-7, 0, 10, -7\}$ yes it's a function
- b. $\{(0,-2), (1,-2), (5,-2)\}$ D: $\{0, 1, 5\}$ R: $\{-2\}$ yes, it's a function
- c. $\{(11,6), (-1,-2), (0,0), (3,-2)\}$ D: $\{-1, 0, 3\}$ R: $\{-2, 0, -2\}$ yes, it's a function
- d. $\{(1,2), (3,2), (1,4)\}$ D: $\{1, 3\}$ R: $\{2, 4\}$ no, it is not a function

2. Find the domain and range of each relation. Is the relation a function?



3. Does the equation describe a function?

- a. $y = x + 1$ yes
- b. $y = 6$ yes
- c. $x = y^2$ no
- d. $2x - 3y = 9$ yes
- e. $x = 3$ no
- f. $y = x^2 - 3$ yes

4. Find $f(-2), f(0), f(3)$ for each function.

a. $f(x) = 2x - 5$ $f(-2) = 2(-2) - 5 = -9$ $f(0) = -5$, $f(3) = 2(3) - 5 = 1$

b. $f(x) = x^2 + 2$ $f(-2) = (-2)^2 + 2 = 6$ $f(0) = 2$ $f(3) = 3^2 + 2 = 11$

c. $f(x) = |2 - x|$ $f(-2) = |2 - (-2)| = 4$ $f(0) = |2| = 2$ $f(3) = |2 - 3| = 1$

d. $f(x) = -x^2 + 2x - 6$ $f(-2) = -(-2)^2 + 2(-2) - 6 = -4 - 4 - 6 = -14$
 $f(0) = -6$ $f(3) = -(3)^2 + 2(3) - 6 = -9 + 6 - 6 = -9$

5. Give the point on the graph.

a. $f(3) = 6$ $(3, 6)$

c. $h(-2) = 9$ $(-2, 9)$

b. $g(0) = -\frac{1}{2}$ $(0, -\frac{1}{2})$

d. $r(6) = 11$ $(6, 11)$

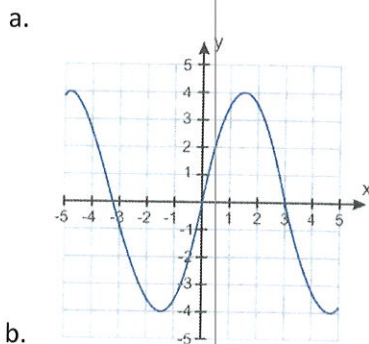
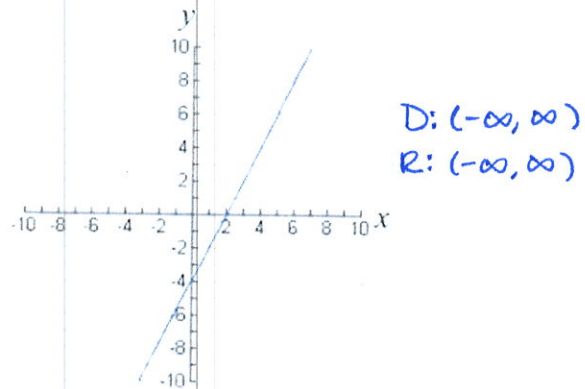
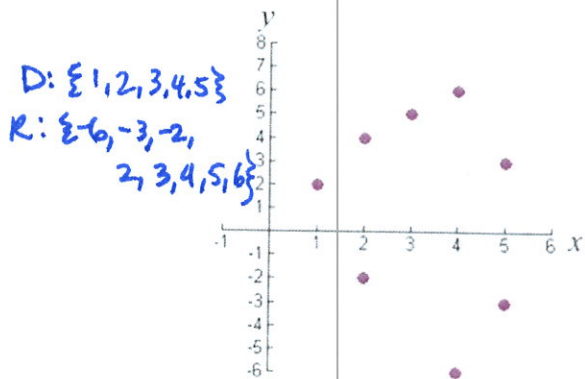
6. Find the domain of each function.

a. $f(x) = 3x - 7$ $(-\infty, \infty)$

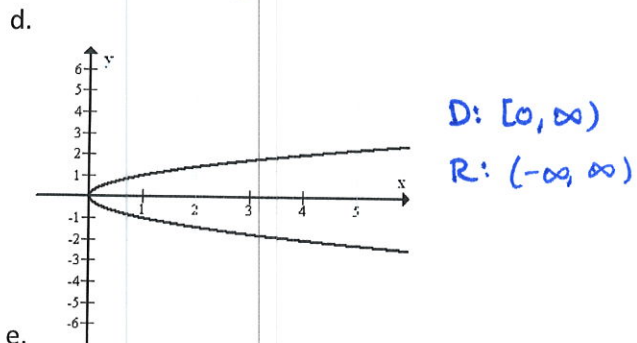
b. $h(x) = \frac{1}{x+5}$ $x \neq -5$ or $(-\infty, -5) \cup (-5, \infty)$

c. $g(x) = |x + 1|$ $(-\infty, \infty)$

7. Find the domain and range of each function or relation.

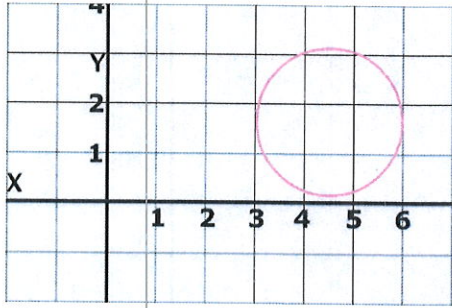


b.
D: $(-\infty, \infty)$
R: $[-4, 4]$

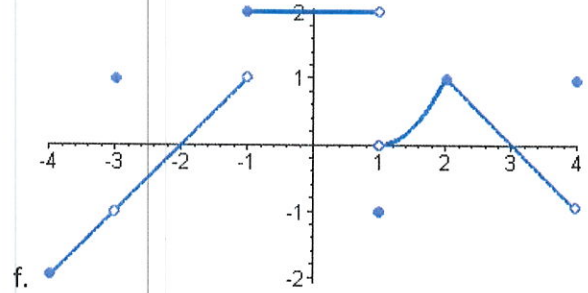


e.

D: [3,6]
R: [0,3]
(approx)



c.



f.

D: [-4, 4] R: [-2, 1] ∪ {2}

8. Use the graph to find

a. $f(0) = 0$

b. $f(3) = 3$

c. $f(x) = 0, x = -8, 0, 4$

d. $f(x) = 4, x = -7.5, -3, 8$

