

MAT 011, Solving Quadratics by Factoring (6.6)

Name KEY

1. Solve.

a.  $(x - 6)(x - 7) = 0$

$x = 6, x = 7$

b.  $(2x - 7)(7x + 2) = 0$

$2x - 7 = 0$        $7x + 2 = 0$   
 $2x = 7$            $7x = -2$   
 $x = \frac{7}{2}$              $\frac{7}{7} \quad \frac{-2}{7}$   
 $x = \frac{7}{2}$              $x = -\frac{2}{7}$

c.  $x^2 - 4x = 32$

$x^2 - 4x - 32 = 0$   
 $(x - 8)(x + 4) = 0$   
 $x = 8, x = -4$

d.  $x(3x - 1) = 14$

$3x^2 - x - 14 = 0$   
 $(3x - 7)(x + 2) = 0$   
 $x = \frac{7}{3}, x = -2$

e.  $x^3 - 12x^2 + 32x = 0$

$x(x^2 - 12x + 32) = 0$   
 $x(x - 8)(x - 4) = 0$   
 $x = 0, x = 8, x = 4$

f.  $4x^3 - x = 0$

$x(4x^2 - 1) = 0$   
 $x(2x - 1)(2x + 1) = 0$   
 $x = 0, x = \frac{1}{2}, x = -\frac{1}{2}$

2. Find the intercepts of the graph of each equation.

a.  $y = (3x + 4)(x - 1)$

$x = -\frac{4}{3}, x = 1$   
 $(-\frac{4}{3}, 0), (1, 0)$

b.  $y = 2x^2 + 11x - 6$

$(2x - 1)(x + 6)$   
 $x = \frac{1}{2}, x = -6$   
 $(\frac{1}{2}, 0), (-6, 0)$

g.  $x(x - 7) = 0$

$x = 0, x = 7$

h.  $x^2 + 2x - 8 = 0$

$(x + 4)(x - 2) = 0$   
 $x = -4, x = 2$

i.  $x^2 = 9$

$x^2 - 9 = 0$   
 $(x - 3)(x + 3) = 0$   
 $x = 3, x = -3$

j.  $6x^2 + 57x = 30$

$6x^2 + 57x - 30 = 0$        $x = \frac{1}{2}$   
 $3(2x^2 + 19x - 10) = 0$        $x = -10$   
 $3(2x - 1)(x + 10) = 0$

k.  $(2x + 5)(4x^2 + 20x + 25) = 0$

$(2x + 5)(2x + 5)(2x + 5) = 0$   
 $x = -\frac{5}{2}$

l.  $(y - 5)(y - 2) = 28$

$y^2 - 7y + 10 = 28$   
 $y^2 - 7y - 18 = 0$        $y = 9, y = -2$   
 $(y - 9)(y + 2) = 0$

d.  $y = x^2 - 3x - 10$

$(x - 5)(x + 2)$   
 $x = 5, x = -2$   
 $(5, 0), (-2, 0)$

e.  $4x^2 + 11x + 6 = y$

$(4x + 3)(x + 2) = 0$   
 $x = -\frac{3}{4}, x = -2$   
 $(-\frac{3}{4}, 0), (-2, 0)$

c.  $y = 2x^2 - 8$

$2(x^2 - 4)$   
 $2(x-2)(x+2)$   
 $x=2, x=-2$   
 $(2,0), (-2,0)$

f.  $y = x(x + 3)$

$x=0, x=-3$   
 $(0,0), (-3,0)$

3. Write a quadratic equation with two solutions at 6 and -1.

$0 = (x-6)(x+1)$

4. A compass is accidentally thrown upward and out of an air balloon at a height of 300 feet. The height  $y$  of the compass at time  $x$  in seconds is given by  $y = -16x^2 + 20x + 300$ .

a. Find the height of the compass at the given times by completing the table.

$x$	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
$y$	300	304	276	216	124	0	-156

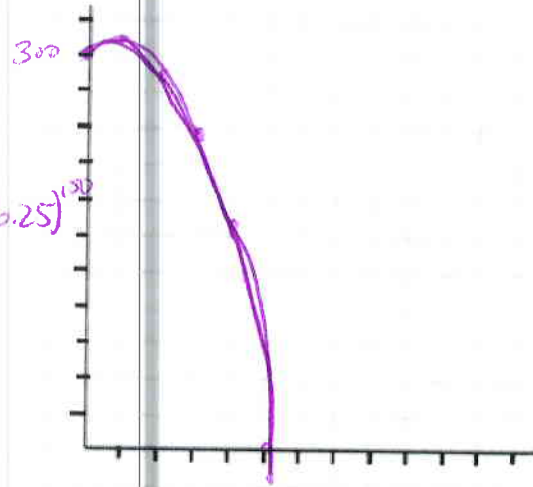
b. When does the compass hit the ground?

at 5 seconds

c. What is the max height of the compass?

$\approx 304$  (act. 306.25)

d. Plot the points and draw a graph.



5. Solve  $(x - 6)(2x - 3) = (x + 2)(x + 9)$

a. By doing algebra.

$2x^2 - 3x - 12x + 18 = x^2 + 11x + 18$   
 $2x^2 - 15x - x^2 - 11x = 0$   
 $x^2 - 24x = 0$   
 $x(x - 24) = 0$   
 $x=0$   
 $x=24$

b. By graphing. Draw the graph label the solutions. [Hint: Your window needs to display values of  $y$  larger than 20.]

