

Instructions: Show all work. Use exact answers, unless specifically asked to round.

1. If $A = \{1, 2, 4, 9, 11\}$ and $B = \{0, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9\}$,

a. Is $5 \in A$ true or false?

false

b. Find $A \cap B$

$\{4, 9\}$

c. Find $A \cup B$

$\{0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 11\}$

d. If U (the universal set) is all whole numbers less than 12, what is A' or A^c ?

$\{0, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10\}$

2. Use the two-way table below to answer the questions that follow.

Tabulated statistics: Smoke Cigarettes, Gender

Rows: Smoke Cigarettes Columns: Gender

| | Female | Male | All |
|-----|--------|------|-----|
| No | 120 | 89 | 209 |
| Yes | 7 | 10 | 17 |
| All | 127 | 99 | 226 |

Cell Contents: Count

- a. What is the probability of a randomly selected person from this sample being a smoker?

$$\frac{17}{226}$$

- b. What is the probability of a randomly selected person from this sample being a woman?

$$\frac{127}{226}$$

- c. What is the probability of a randomly selected person from this sample being a woman who smokes?

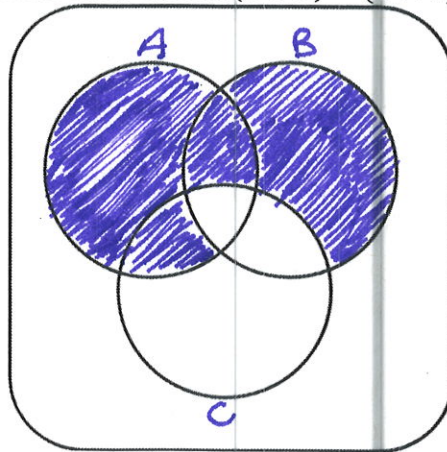
$$\frac{7}{226}$$

- d. Are gender and smoking independent? Show a calculation to justify your conclusion.

$$\frac{17}{226} \cdot \frac{127}{226} \neq \frac{7}{226}$$

dependent

3. Shade the Venn diagram shown to show the set $(A \cup B) - (B \cap C)$. Label your sets A, B, and C.



4. Draw a tree diagram to show the possible outcomes for three friends standing in line, in order.
[Hint: How many ways can the first person stand in line? What about the second? Etc.]

