

MAT230 Homework #6 Key

①

1. a. $f(x) = x^3 - 3x + 6$ $[-1, 3]$

$$f'(x) = 3x^2 - 3 = 0$$

$$x^2 - 1 = 0$$

$$x = \pm 1$$

Check: $-1, 1, 3$

$$f(1) = 1 - 3 + 6 = 4 \text{ abs min}$$

$$f(-1) = -1 + 3 + 6 = 8$$

$$f(3) = 27 - 9 + 6 = 24 \text{ abs. max.}$$

b. $g(x) = (x+3)^{2/3} - 5$ $[-4, 5]$

$$g'(x) = \frac{2}{3}(x+3)^{-1/3} = 0 \quad x = -3 \text{ is undefined}$$

never

$$\frac{2}{3(x+3)^{1/3}}$$

check: $-4, 5$

$$f(-4) = (-1)^{2/3} - 5 = -4$$

$$f(0) = 0^{2/3} - 5 = -5 \text{ abs min}$$

$$f(5) = 8^{2/3} - 5 = -1 \text{ abs max}$$

c. $h(x) = \frac{4x}{x^2+1}$ $[-3, 3]$

$$h'(x) = \frac{4(x^2+1) - 2x(4x)}{(x^2+1)^2} = \frac{4x^2+4-8x^2}{(x^2+1)^2} = \frac{4-4x^2}{(x^2+1)^2} = 0$$

$$4 - 4x^2 = 0 \Rightarrow 1 - x^2 = 0 \Rightarrow x = \pm 1$$

check: $-3, -1, 1, 3$

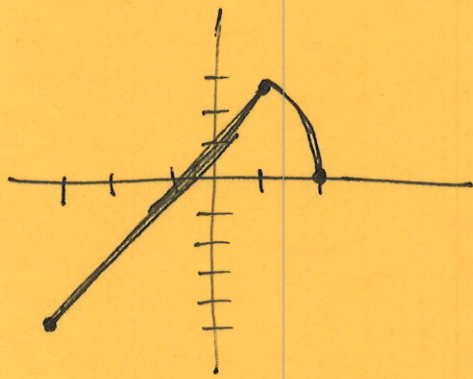
$$f(-3) = \frac{-12}{10} = -1.2$$

$$f(1) = \frac{4}{2} = 2 \text{ abs max}$$

$$f(3) = \frac{12}{10} = 1.2$$

$$f(-1) = \frac{-4}{2} = -2 \text{ abs min}$$

2.



$$2(-3)+1 = -6+1 = -5$$

$$2(1)+1 = 3$$

$$4-(1)^2 = 4-1=3$$

$$4-(2)^2 = 0$$

$$\text{abs min @ } 3 = -5$$

$$\text{abs max @ } 1 = 3$$

3.

$$p = 150 - \frac{1}{2}x$$

$$R(x) = xp = x(150 - \frac{1}{2}x) = 150x - \frac{1}{2}x^2$$

$$C(x) = 4000 + \frac{1}{4}x$$

$$P(x) = R(x) - C(x) = 150x - \frac{1}{2}x^2 - (4000 + \frac{1}{4}x) = 149.75x - \frac{1}{2}x^2 - 4000$$

$$P'(x) = 149.75 - x = 0$$

$x = 149.75$ can't produce 149.75 suits so

check 149 & 150

$$P(149) = 7212.25$$

$$P(150) = 7212.50 \leftarrow \text{slightly higher}$$

150 suits for max profits

$$p = 150 - \frac{1}{2}(150) = 75$$

$$4. \quad 2y y' - y - x y' + 2x = 0$$

$$\frac{(2y-x)y'}{2y-x} = \frac{y-2x}{2y-x} \Rightarrow y' = \frac{y-2x}{2y-x}$$