

Instructions: Show all work. Use exact answers unless otherwise asked to round.

1. Apply the chain rule to find $\frac{dw}{dt}$ for $w = xy \cos z$, $x = t$, $y = t^2$, $z = \arctan t$. Be sure your final answer contains only t .

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dw}{dx} &= y \cos z = t^2 \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+t^2}} = \frac{t^2}{\sqrt{1+t^2}} & \frac{dx}{dt} &= 1 \\ \frac{dw}{dy} &= x \cos z = t \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+t^2}} = \frac{t}{\sqrt{1+t^2}} & \frac{dy}{dt} &= 2t \\ \frac{dw}{dz} &= -xy \sin z = -t \cdot t^2 \cdot \frac{t}{\sqrt{1+t^2}} = \frac{-t^4}{\sqrt{1+t^2}} & \frac{dz}{dt} &= \frac{1}{1+t^2} \end{aligned}$$



$$\frac{dw}{dt} = \frac{t^2}{\sqrt{1+t^2}} \cdot (1) + \frac{t}{\sqrt{1+t^2}} \cdot 2t - \frac{t^4}{\sqrt{1+t^2}} \cdot \frac{1}{1+t^2}$$

2. Find the two first implicit partial derivatives for $x \ln y + y^2 z + z^2 = 8$.

$$F = x \ln y + y^2 z + z^2 - 8$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial z}{\partial x}: & \quad F_x = \ln y \\ \frac{\partial z}{\partial x}: & \quad F_z = y^2 + 2z \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial x} = \frac{-\ln y}{y^2 + 2z}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial z}{\partial y}: & \quad F_y = \frac{x}{y} + 2yz \\ \frac{\partial z}{\partial y}: & \quad F_z = y^2 + 2z \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial y} = \frac{-\frac{x}{y} + 2yz}{y^2 + 2z}$$