BUS 310,	Exam	#1D,	Part	111,	Spring	2019
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Name	KE	Y
Section		

Instructions: This exam is in three parts: Part I is to be completed partly at home using the materials posted on Blackboard for Part I and you will answer questions about that work in class below; Part II is to be completed entirely in class using your computer. Part III is to be done entirely in class without your computer.

- 1. You may not use cell phones, and you may only access internet resources you are specifically directed to use: You may access your data file for Part I of the exam in Blackboard. You may access the data files posted to Blackboard for the Exam part II, but not for Part III.
- 2. It is a violation of the honor code to communicate with other students in or out of the class during the exam, by any means. Students whose exams show evidence of coordination will be reported.
- 3. Show all work to support your reasoning. Primarily, this can be done in Excel. Deletion of evidence of your logical process can result in loss of credit. A significant amount of credit goes toward process, reasoning and interpretation.
- 4. When rounding, do not over-round. In general, do not report dollar amounts beyond the penny. Means should be rounded to one digit more than the original data; standard deviations to two digits more. Do not report fractions rounded to single digit expressions: $\frac{131}{256} \neq \frac{1}{2}$, and do not round decimals or percents to a single digit: $0.57846 \dots \neq 60\%$ or 0.6. Report a minimum of two digits, up to four, unless otherwise specified in the problem.
- 5. If a problem asks for an explanation, state the solution clearly, then interpret or explain in addition to stating the solution, not in place of. Explanations without solutions, just as solutions without explanations, will not be awarded full credit.

Part I: At Home

This part was completed at home. You can upload the Excel file for Part I to the Part I folder in Blackboard for use during the Exam period. However, this submission will not be graded in this location, it must be submitted to the "to be graded folder" to receive credit.

Part II: In Class (with computer)

Before completing Part III, complete Part II in class. Return the paper to your instructor and put away your computer. Then pick up Part III.

Part III: In Class (without computer)

- You may use a handheld calculator for this portion of the exam. Any calculator is fine, as long as
 it is not on a device that connects to the Internet. That means, you may not use the calculator
 on your phone or smart watch. You may also not share calculators with another student taking
 the exam at the same time.
- 2. This is Exam D.
- 3. Answer the questions on the paper exam. Sign the honor code statement on the next page.
- 4. Turn in your paper copy of the exam to your instructor. Your instructor will attach this portion of the exam to the version of Part II that you submitted previously.

Honor Code Statement:				
l,			ree to abide by the George	
	cademic integrity Pledge: To pror among all members of the Geor			
	ic and personal achievement, I, a arize, steal, or lie in matters relat			
read and I agree to follow	the guidelines laid out in the inst s of other students to circumven	ructions for this	exam above. Talso agree	
	will report such efforts in a time		53, 07 to 63313CIII tileli	
Student Signature and G#			Today's Dat	te

Part III:

Below you will find screenshots of the set-up for a linear programming problem on planting. Use this information to answer the questions that follow.

		8	С	D	E		F	G H	1 1	K L M	1
		Oats	Corn	Total	Inequ	ality Availat	ole/Goal	a la sa Maria de Caracteria de	and the second s	- CADA debe mentre les cuents stamas, extent (42)	
2	Acres	83.333	33 16.6666	7 10	0 <=		100	THE TAX BEAUTIFUL TO SEE THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF THE	acres on which to p	lant oats or corn. and 2 hours of labor.	
4	Capitai		18 3	6 210	0 <=		2100	Each acre of corn	requires \$36 capital	l and 6 hours of labor.	100
5	Labor		2	6 2133.33	3 <=		2400	TO BE COMMUNICATION OF STREET OF STREET	TO SOLIT AND RESIDENCE AND A PROPERTY OF THE SECOND	ner has \$2100 available revenue is \$55 from	
5 7 2 9	Revenue Profit	6933.3	55 12 33	5 6665.56	7			each acre of oats planting combina	and \$125 from each ation will produce the mum profit (revenue		
10								Solver Parameters	10.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00 (1.00	×	
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ŝ	SB\$2 Acres	Oats 8	3.33333333	0	21	20	0.5	5035 ~ 3F60		961442	
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17	SDS5 Labor		133.333333	0	2400		265,5665667	Special Striving Simplex I Method	COLUMN CON MENSORS CONTRACT	Ograns	
10								14.2			

1. What is the final maximum profit for planting 83.3 acres of oats, and 16.7 acres of corn? (4 points)

\$6933.33

2. What is the shadow price for the Total Acreage constraint? What does it mean in the context of the problem? (6 points)

if you increase the value of the constaint by I the profit (vevenue)

3. What does it mean for a linear programming problem to be inteasible? (6 points)

all the constaints can't be satisfied at the same time.

Below you will find a screenshot of the relevant Excel data for a difference of means problem. Use this information to answer the guestions that follow.

	A	В	C	D	
1	Pair) Male	Female	Difference: Male	- Female
41	40	\$29,752	\$29,188		\$564
42	41	\$30,414	\$30,095		\$319
43	42	\$25,795	\$25,248		\$547
44	43	\$27,944	\$27,673		\$271
45	44	\$26,661	\$26,212		\$449
46	45	\$31,351	\$30,783		\$568
47	46	\$29,303	\$28,519		\$784
48	47	\$28,628	\$28,644		-\$16
49	48	\$24,524	\$24,114		\$410
5φ	49	\$27,217	\$26,282		\$935
51	50	\$21,651	\$21,153		\$498
54	Mean	\$27,241	\$26,944		\$297
53	St.Dev.	\$2,536.45	\$2,548.50	\$	297.87
5-4					
55	T-Score	Confidence	Level	Standard Error	
56	2.009575	95%		\$	42.13
57					

4. Is the data dependent or independent? Explain what leads you to this conclusion. (6 points)

dependent

paired data

5. Use the information provided to calculate the 95% confidence interval. (6 points)

mean I +- Score * Standard error

(212,34,381.66)

6. Does the interval you calculated support the claim that men make more than women? Why or why not? (6 points)

yes. Since The difference does not Contain O.

Use the data in the table below to answer the questions that follow.

Preference	Count	Proportion
R	181	45.25%
N	29	7.25%
L	190	47.50%
Z-Scores	Confide	ence Levels
1.150		75%
1.282		80%
1.645		90%
1.960		95%
2.576	(99%

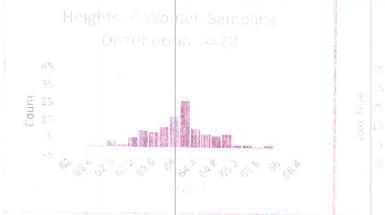
7. Use the data provided to find the margin of error for the 75% confidence interval for those that prefer R. (5 points)

8. Use the data provided to find the margin of error for the 80% confidence interval for those that prefer R. (5 points)

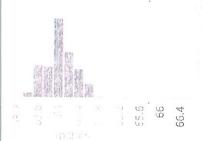
9. What do you notice about the margin of error as the confidence level increases? (5 points)

it gets larger

Use the information below to answer the questions that follow.







Sample Size	Standard Error	Mean
n=20	0.6658	64.05
n=100	0.2924	64.03
n=1	3.1	64

10. Explain how the information above supports the claims of the Central Limit Theorem. Be as thorough as possible. (6 points)

the mean of dishibution centers on the mean and spread of means decreases uf sample Size increases according to formula 2 I

11. Describe a scenario is which a cluster sample would be a more appropriate choice than a simple random sample. (6 points)

Often done for glographic reasons where, for instance, towns can be considered internally representative of The whole

12. What is a non-response error? How does it produce excess bias in a sample? (6 points)

Juling to respond to a randomly selected survey may be cornelated to a specific category of responses. Skewing collected data

13. Why does anonymity reduce untruthful responses? (5 points)

less chance There will be a realworld penally for touth; thus, more likely to tell the truth

14. What conditions should be met to substitute a z-score in a confidence interval for means instead of a t-score? (6 points)

St. devation of population must be known

and sample size > 40

variable viormally dis fributed

15. Write the Excel formula to find t-score for an 88% confidence interval. (5 points)

-.88 = 0.12 = Alpha 0/2 = 0.06

= T.INV. RT (0.06, N-1) o degrees of freedom

16. What assumptions are made when using a two-sample pooled t-confidence interval? (4 points)

values are independent (unpaired)

and has equal variance

Standard errors:

$$\sigma_{\bar{\chi}} = \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}$$

$$\sigma_{\widehat{p}} = \sqrt{\frac{p(1-p)}{n}}$$

$$\sigma_{\bar{x}} = \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}$$
 $\sigma_{\hat{p}} = \sqrt{\frac{p(1-p)}{n}}$ $s_{pooled} = \sqrt{\frac{(n_1-1)s_1^2 + (n_2-1)s_2^2}{n_1 + n_2 - 2}}$

$$S_{X_1-X_2} = S_{pooled} \sqrt{\frac{1}{n_1} + \frac{1}{n_2}}$$

Sample sizes: $n > \hat{p}(1-\hat{p})\left(\frac{z_{\alpha/2}}{E}\right)^2$ $n > \left(\frac{z_{\alpha/2}\sigma}{E}\right)^2$ $m = n = \frac{4z_{\alpha/2}^2(\sigma_1^2 + \sigma_2^2)}{w^2}$

$$n > \left(\frac{z_{\alpha/2}\sigma}{r}\right)^2$$

$$m = n = \frac{4z_{\alpha/2}^2(\sigma_1^2 + \sigma_2^2)}{w^2}$$

Confidence intervals:

One sample:

$$\bar{x} \pm t_{\alpha/2,n-1} \frac{s}{\sqrt{n}}$$

$$\hat{p} \pm z_{\alpha/2} \sqrt{\frac{\hat{p}(1-\hat{p})}{n}}$$

Two samples (independent): $(\bar{x}_1 - \bar{x}_2) \pm t_{\alpha/2, n-1} \sqrt{\frac{s_1^2}{n_1} + \frac{s_2^2}{n_2}}$ $(\hat{p}_1 - \hat{p}_2) - z_{\alpha/2} \sqrt{\frac{\hat{p}_1(1-\hat{p}_1)}{n_2} + \frac{\hat{p}_2(1-\hat{p}_2)}{n_2}}$

$$(\hat{p}_1 - \hat{p}_2) - z_{\alpha/2} \sqrt{\frac{\hat{p}_1(1-\hat{p}_1)}{n_1} + \frac{\hat{p}_2(1-\hat{p}_2)}{n_2}}$$