

KEY

Instructions: Show all work. Use exact answers unless specifically asked to round. Reduce as much as possible. Be sure to answer all parts of each question.

$$1. \text{ Simplify } \left(\frac{3 \cdot (-2)^2 + 5}{7^2 - 8 \div (-4)} \right)^2 = \left(\frac{3 \cdot 4 + 5}{49 - (-2)} \right)^2 = \left(\frac{12 + 5}{49 + 2} \right)^2 = \left(\frac{17}{51} \right)^2 = \left(\frac{1}{3} \right)^2 = \boxed{\frac{1}{9}}$$

2. Solve the equations for the variable. State whether the equation is conditional, an identity or a contradiction, and clearly state the solution (if any) or say that there is no solution.

a. $3x - (2x - 7) + 5 = -5x + 3(2x + 4) - 1$

$$3x - 2x + 7 + 5 = -5x + 6x + 12 - 1$$

$$x + 12 = x + 11$$

$$12 = 11$$

This is a contradiction
x has no solution

b. $\left(\frac{4}{3}x + \frac{x-2}{2} = \frac{x-1}{6} \right) 6$

$$2 \cdot \frac{4}{3}x + \frac{3}{2}(x-2) = \frac{6}{6}(x-1)$$

$$8x + 3(x-2) = x-1$$

$$8x + 3x - 6 = x - 1$$

$$11x - 6 = x - 1$$

$$\frac{10x}{10} = \frac{5}{10} \Rightarrow \boxed{x = \frac{1}{2}}$$

Conditional

3. Graph the equation $3x + 2y = 12$ on the graph on the right. Label any intercepts.

$$x=0 \Rightarrow y\text{-int } (0,6)$$

$$3(0) + 2y = 12$$

$$2y = 12$$

$$y = 6$$

$$y=0 \Rightarrow x\text{-int } (4,0)$$

$$3x + 2(0) = 12$$

$$3x = 12$$

$$x = 4$$

